

# My Planet Packet 

Information E Data Sheets About Our Solar System

Name:

## Project Moonwatch!

Observe the moon every night for 2 weeks. Color in any part of the moon that you can't see each night. If it's cloudy and you can't see the moon, just leave it blank for that night. Make sure to take an adult with you outside when you look at the moon each night!
$\qquad$


Date:


Date:


Date: $\qquad$


Date: $\qquad$


Date: $\qquad$


Date: $\qquad$


Date: $\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$


Day 1


Date: $\qquad$


Date: $\qquad$


## THE SOLAR SYSTEM

Fill in the blanks below with words from this box:

| Neptune | gas giants | Pluto | planetoids |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| solar | Mars | nine | comets |
| asteroids | Jupiter | temperature | terrestrial |
| orbit | water | Saturn | Uranus |
| dinosaurs | Earth | Venus | tail |
| Mercury |  |  |  |

## The Solar System

The $\qquad$ system is the group of planets that $\qquad$ our
Sun. There are $\qquad$ known planets in our solar system, but some observers think they have spotted others beyond the orbit of $\qquad$ .

## The Terrestrial Planets

Mercury, Venus, Earth, and Mars are called $\qquad$ planets because they have rocky surfaces. $\qquad$ , of course, is the planet we live on.
$\qquad$ is the closest planet to the sun. $\qquad$ which is
also called the evening star, has a $\qquad$ of 500 degrees Celsius and clouds of sulfuric acid. $\qquad$ is known as the red planet. Recently, frozen $\qquad$ was discovered there.

## The Gaseous Planets

Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus, and Neptune are called $\qquad$ because they are big and made mostly of gas. $\qquad$ is the largest planet in the
solar system.
 is famous for its rings.
$\qquad$ also has rings but is not as famous as Saturn. $\qquad$ is named after the god of the sea.

## Planetoids: Asteroids and Comets

There are many other $\qquad$ in the solar system.
Between Mars and Jupiter there is a belt of small rocky objects called $\qquad$ . As well, balls of ice and rock called occasionally come close to the sun creating a
bright $\qquad$ that can be seen from Earth. Some scientists think the $\qquad$ became extinct when one of these comets came crashing into the Earth.
$\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$

## Sour System Secrets! DID YOU KNOW.

THへT IT GETS SO HOT ON Venus thnt LEAD CANNONBALL could Melt?!

There is so much to learn about the solar system! Find the answers to these questions by using your resources to WOW your friends and family!

1. What are the inner planets mostly made of? $\qquad$
2. What are the outer planets mostly made of? $\qquad$
3. Mercury is about the same size as what other object in space? $\qquad$
4. Earth is made mostly of what element? $\qquad$
5. What are the shapes of the two unusual moons of Mars? $\qquad$
6. What is the name of Jupiter's large swirling area of gas? $\qquad$
7. How many rings do scientists think Saturn has? $\qquad$
8. What gives Uranus its blue-green color? $\qquad$
9. What do scientists think the dark spots are on Neptune? $\qquad$
10. Scientists think that Pluto is not a planet, but is really a $\qquad$

## Solar System Crossword

Complete the activity.


ACROSS

1. The closest planet to the Sun and the eighth largest.
2. Named after the Roman god of the sea.
3. The largest object in the solar system.
4. This planet's blue color is the result of absorption of red light by methane in the upper atmosphere.
5. A medium-sized rocky object orbiting the Sun.
6. This planet is more than twice as massive as all the other planets combined.
7. The second largest planet with many rings.

DOWN

1. The only natural satellite of Earth.
2. The smallest planet and farthest from the Sun.
3. The only planet whose English name does not derive from Greek/Roman mythology.
4. A bowl-shaped depression formed by the impact of a meteoroid.
5. It is the brightest object in the sky except for the Sun and the Moon.
6. This planet probably got this name due to its red color and is sometimes referred to as the Red Planet.

| Sun | Earth | Jupiter | Neptune | Crater |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Mercury | Moon | Saturn | Pluto |  |
| Venus | Mars | Uranus | Asteroid |  |

